TOWN OF PLATTSBURGH TOWN BOARD WORK SESSION AGENDA October 12, 2023

The meeting was called to order at 6:00 PM by the presiding officer at the Town of Plattsburgh Town Hall, 151 Banker Road. Pledge.

		Present	Absent
MEMBERS:	Michael S. Cashman, Supervisor	X	
	Thomas E. Wood, Councilor	X	
	Barbara E. Hebert, Councilor	X	
	Charles A. Kostyk, Councilor	X	
	Dana M. Isabella, Councilor		X
	Kathryn B. Kalluche, Town Clerk	X	
	James J. Coffey, Town Attorney	X	

Public Comments: None

Supervisor's Report: AOT Albany

Resolution No. 023-227

<u>Local Law No. 5 of 2023 – A Local Law Amending</u> <u>Local Law No. 4 of 2007 – Flood Damage Prevention</u>

WHEREAS, the Town Board of the Town of Plattsburgh finds that the potential and/or actual damages from flooding and erosion may be a problem for residents of the Town of Plattsburgh; and

WHEREAS, such damages may include: destruction or loss of private and public housing, damage to public facilities, both publicly and privately owned, and injury to and loss of human life; and

WHEREAS, the Town Board of the Town of Plattsburgh desires to amend the Town of Plattsburgh Flood Damage Prevention Local Law of 2007 for the following purposes:

It is the purpose of this local law to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas by provisions designed to:

1. Regulate uses which are dangerous to health, safety, and property due to water or erosion hazards, or which result in damaging increases in erosion or in flood heights or velocities;

- 2. Require that uses vulnerable to floods, including facilities which serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction;
- 3. Control the alteration of natural floodplains, stream channels, and natural protective barriers which are involved in the accommodation of flood waters;
- 4. Control filling, grading, dredging and other development which may increase erosion or flood damages;
- 5. Regulate the construction of flood barriers which will unnaturally divert flood waters or which may increase flood hazards to other lands, and;
- 6. Qualify and maintain for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.

WHEREAS, notice of said public hearing was duly advertised in Press Republican, the official newspaper of Town of Plattsburgh on October 06, 2023 and in Town Hall and the Town website, and

WHEREAS, said public hearing was duly held on October 12th at 6:05 at Town Hall and all parties in attendance were permitted an opportunity to speak on behalf of or in opposition to said Proposed Local Law, or any part thereof, and

WHEREAS, said Part 617 of the Environmental Conservation Law provides for an involved agency to review any action for the purpose of determining the effect of said action on the environment; and

WHEREAS, said determination of the effect of said action on the environment will be necessary to determine whether a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) is required; and

WHEREAS, the Town Board is considered an involved agency in accordance with State Laws for the purpose of assessing the effect of this Local Law on the environment and whether or not said effect is significant enough to warrant the preparation of a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS); and

WHEREAS, the Town Board has previously declared the Local Law to be a Type I Action and a coordinated review was conducted; and

WHEREAS, the Town Board has identified the relevant areas of environmental concern, has taken a hard look at these areas, and has made a reasoned elaboration of the basis for its determination; now, therefore be it

RESOLVED, that the Town Board, in consideration of the Planning Board report and recommendations, comments made at the public hearing on the Local Law, the review of part 1 and the completion of parts 2 and 3 of the EAF Long Form (herein SEQRA documentation), and the review of related materials, accordingly issues a negative declaration under SEQRA for the proposed Local Law, determining that said amendments will NOT have a significant effect on the

environment, and the preparation of a DEIS is <u>NOT</u> required; and said declaration is hereby referenced and incorporated herein and shown as the attached SEQRA documentation; and, be it further

RESOLVED, that the Town Board of the Town of Plattsburgh does hereby authorize and direct the Supervisor to complete and have prepared and to execute a "Notice of No Significant Environmental Impact" (NEGATIVE DECLARATION) for this Local Law and, be it further

RESOLVED, that the "Notice of No Significant Environmental Impact" (NEGATIVE DECLARATION), and all related material shall be maintained on file at the Town Offices of the Town Board and available for Public Inspection, and, the reasons for the decision are stated in the attached negative declaration, and be it further

RESOLVED, it is the opinion of the members of the Town Board that the best interests of the Town of Plattsburgh would be served by the adoption of said proposed amendment to the Town of Plattsburgh Local Law No. 4 of 2007 Flood Damage Prevention, and prompt filing of said law as adopted with the Department of State of the State of New York in order for said Local Law to become effective at the earliest possible date; and now therefore be it

RESOLVED, that proposed amendment to the Town of Plattsburgh Local Law of 2007 as aforementioned," be hereby adopted as Town of Plattsburgh Local Law No. 5 of 2023 Flood Damage Prevention; and, it is further

RESOLVED, that the Town Clerk is hereby directed to cause said Town of Plattsburgh Local Law No. 5 of 2023 to be duly filed with the Department of State of the State of New York, as required by section 27, subdivision 1 of the Municipal Home Rule Law and submit one copy of the Local Law to the DEC Central Office.

Motioned by: Barbara E. Hebert Seconded by: Charles A. Kostyk

Discussion: Thomas E. Wood, Michael S. Cashman

Roll Call:		Yes	<u>No</u>	Absent	Carried	Tabled
					X	
	Thomas E. Wood	X				
	Barbara E. Hebert	X				
	Charles A. Kostyk	X				
	Dana M. Isabella			X		
	Michael S. Cashman	X				

Draft Resolutions:

023-xxx Minutes

023-xxx Setting a Public Hearing for Certain Elected Officials Salaries and the 2024 Preliminary Budget

023-xxx Setting a Public Hearing Notice for Consolidated Assessment Rolls

- 023-xxx Records Management Policies and Procedures Manual Including the Inactive Records Procedures
- 023-xxx Reappointment of Lorraine Streeter to the Assessment Board of Review

Committee Reports:

- Barbara E. Hebert: Town Clerk Policy and Procedure moving forward, Planning and Community Development forward together program information.
- Charles A. Kostyk: Water and Wastewater reviewed budget (great work). Warranty work on pump at May Currier. Hopefully will be up and going by end of the month.

Town Board meeting be adjourned at 6:17 PM.

Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 1 - Project and Setting

Instructions for Completing Part 1

Part 1 is to be completed by the applicant or project sponsor. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification.

Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information; indicate whether missing information does not exist, or is not reasonably available to the sponsor; and, when possible, generally describe work or studies which would be necessary to update or fully develop that information.

Applicants/sponsors must complete all items in Sections A & B. In Sections C, D & E, most items contain an initial question that must be answered either "Yes" or "No". If the answer to the initial question is "Yes", complete the sub-questions that follow. If the answer to the initial question is "No", proceed to the next question. Section F allows the project sponsor to identify and attach any additional information. Section G requires the name and signature of the project sponsor to verify that the information contained in Part 1 is accurate and complete.

A. Project and Sponsor Information.

Name of Action or Project:		
Local Law for Flood Damage Prevention		
Project Location (describe, and attach a general location map):		
Townwide, Town of Plattsburgh, NY		
Brief Description of Proposed Action (include purpose or need):		
The passage of a local law regulating the issuance of building permits and developmen of the law is to regulate uses that are dangerous to health, safety, and property due to verosion or flood heights and velocities. It is also the intention for the passage of this law qualify and maintain participation in the National Flood Insurance Program	water or erosion hazards, or which	h result in damaging increases in
Name of Applicant/Sponsor:	Telephone: 518 562 680	00
Town of Plattsburgh	E-Mail: michaelc@town	ofplattsburgh.org
Address: 151 Banker Road	1.1	
City/PO: Plattsburgh	State: New York	Zip Code: 12901
Project Contact (if not same as sponsor; give name and title/role):	Telephone: 518 562 680	0
Michael Cashman	E-Mail: michaelc@towno	ofplattsburgh.org
Address:		
51 Banker Road		
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:
Plattsburgh	New York	12901
Property Owner (if not same as sponsor):	Telephone:	
	E-Mail:	
Address:		
City/PO:	State:	Zip Code:

B. Government Approvals

assistance.)	runaing, or Spon	sorship. ("Funding" includes grants, loans, ta	ix rener, and any other	i forms of imancia
Government En	ntity	If Yes: Identify Agency and Approval(s) Required	Applicati (Actual or _l	
a. City Council, Town Board, or Village Board of Trustee		Town Board SEQRA determination, Law Approval	9/28/2023	
b. City, Town or Village Planning Board or Commis	□Yes□No ssion			
c. City Council, Town or Village Zoning Board of A	□Yes□No ppeals			
d. Other local agencies	□Yes□No			
e. County agencies	<u></u> Yes □No			
f. Regional agencies	□Yes□No			
g. State agencies	□Yes□No			
h. Federal agencies	□Yes□No			
i. Coastal Resources.i. Is the project site within	a Coastal Area, o	or the waterfront area of a Designated Inland W	aterway?	Z Yes □No
ii. Is the project site locateiii. Is the project site within		with an approved Local Waterfront Revitalizat Hazard Area?	ion Program?	✓ Yes□No □ Yes☑No
C. Planning and Zoning				
C.1. Planning and zoning ac				
only approval(s) which must • If Yes, complete sect	be granted to enaltions C, F and G.	mendment of a plan, local law, ordinance, rule ble the proposed action to proceed? Inplete all remaining sections and questions in F		∠ Yes□No
C.2. Adopted land use plans	•			•
a. Do any municipally- adopte where the proposed action v		lage or county) comprehensive land use plan(s)	include the site	Z Yes□No
		ecific recommendations for the site where the p	roposed action	∠ Yes□No
		ocal or regional special planning district (for exated State or Federal heritage area; watershed i		□Yes . ZNo
c. Is the proposed action local or an adopted municipal fall If Yes, identify the plan(s):		ially within an area listed in an adopted municin plan?	pal open space plan,	□Yes☑No
-				

C.3. Zoning	
a. Is the site of the proposed action located in a municipality with an adopted zoning law or ordinance.	✓ Yes No
If Yes, what is the zoning classification(s) including any applicable overlay district? Many Districts , Townwide	105_110
b. Is the use permitted or allowed by a special or conditional use permit?	Z Yes□No
c. Is a zoning change requested as part of the proposed action? If Yes, i. What is the proposed new zoning for the site?	☐ Yes Z No
C.4. Existing community services.	
a. In what school district is the project site located? Town Wide, Peru, Saranac, Beekmantown) ·
b. What police or other public protection forces serve the project site? State Police, County Sheriff	
c. Which fire protection and emergency medical services serve the project site? Townwide, South Plattsburgh, District 3, Cumberland Head, Cadyville	
d. What parks serve the project site? Town wide, 12 parks	
D. Project Details	
D.1. Proposed and Potential Development	
a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if mix components)?	ed, include all
b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action? acres	
b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed?	
c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor?	
c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use? i. If Yes, what is the approximate percentage of the proposed expansion and identify the units (e.g., acres, mile square feet)? Units:	☐ Yes☐ No s, housing units,
d. Is the proposed action a subdivision, or does it include a subdivision?	□Yes □No
If Yes, i. Purpose or type of subdivision? (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial; if mixed, specify types)	
ii. Is a cluster/conservation layout proposed?iii. Number of lots proposed?	□Yes □No
iv. Minimum and maximum proposed lot sizes? Minimum Maximum	
e. Will proposed action be constructed in multiple phases? i. If No, anticipated period of construction: months	□Yes□No
ii. If Yes:Total number of phases anticipated	
 Anticipated commencement date of phase 1 (including demolition) month year Anticipated completion date of final phase month year 	
 Generally describe connections or relationships among phases, including any contingencies where progred determine timing or duration of future phases: 	

					Ext. Ext.
	t include new resid				□Yes□No
If Yes, show num	bers of units propo		Th Famile.	Multiple Femily (four or more)	
	One Family	Two Family	Three Family	Multiple Family (four or more)	
Initial Phase					
At completion		=======================================	17		
of all phases					
g. Does the propo	sed action include	new non-residenti	al construction (inclu	iding expansions)?	□Yes□No
If Yes,					
i. Total number	of structures				
ii. Dimensions (in feet) of largest pr	roposed structure:	height;	width; andlength	
iii. Approximate	extent of building s	space to be heated	or cooled:	square feet	
h. Does the propo	sed action include	construction or otl	ner activities that wil	l result in the impoundment of any	☐Yes ☐No
				agoon or other storage?	
If Yes,			-		
i. Purpose of the	impoundment:				
ii. If a water imp	oundment, the princ	cipal source of the	water:	Ground water Surface water stream	ns Other specify:
iii. If other than v	vater, identify the ty	pe of impounded	contained liquids an	d their source.	
iv. Approximate	size of the propose	d impoundment.	Volume:	million gallons; surface area:height;length	acres
v. Dimensions of	f the proposed dam	or impounding st	ructure:	height; length	
vi. Construction	method/materials f	or the proposed d	am or impounding st	ructure (e.g., earth fill, rock, wood, cond	erete):
D.2. Project Op	erations				
a Does the prope	sed action include:	any excavation, m	ining, or dredging, d	uring construction, operations, or both?	Yes No
				or foundations where all excavated	
materials will					
If Yes:	•				
i What is the p	rpose of the excava	ation or dredging?			
ii How much ma	terial (including roo	ck earth sedimen	ts. etc.) is proposed t	to be removed from the site?	
Volume	(specify tops or cul	hic vards):	, e, p p		
	at duration of time				
iii Describe natu	re and characteristic	es of materials to l	ne excavated or dred	ged, and plans to use, manage or dispose	e of them.
iii. Describe nate	re and characteristic	os or materials to	or chouverou or area	gou, and praise to soo, manage or suspec	
iv Will there be	onsite dewatering	or processing of e	xcavated materials?		Yes No
If yes, descri		or processing or c			
12 700, 00001					
w What is the to	tal area to be dredg	ed or excavated?		acres	
	naximum area to be		e time?	acres	
			or dredging?		
	avation require blas		or dicaging.	Tool	□Yes□No
ix. Summarize si	e reciamation goals	and plan.			
, 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
				U .	
				ecrease in size of, or encroachment	☐Yes☐No
	ng wetland, waterb	ody, shoreline, be	ach or adjacent area?	? .	
If Yes:					
				water index number, wetland map numb	er or geographic
description):					
-					

ii. Describe how the proposed action would affect that waterbody or wetland, e.g. excavation, fill, places alteration of channels, banks and shorelines. Indicate extent of activities, alterations and additions in s	
ii. Will proposed action cause or result in disturbance to bottom sediments? If Yes, describe:	☐ Yes ☐ No
iv. Will proposed action cause or result in the destruction or removal of aquatic vegetation? If Yes:	☐ Yes☐No
acres of aquatic vegetation proposed to be removed:	
expected acreage of aquatic vegetation remaining after project completion:	
purpose of proposed removal (e.g. beach clearing, invasive species control, boat access):	
proposed method of plant removal:	
if chemical/herbicide treatment will be used, specify product(s):	
v. Describe any proposed reclamation/mitigation following disturbance:	
Will de la company of the company of	
Will the proposed action use, or create a new demand for water? Yes:	☐Yes ☐No
i. Total anticipated water usage/demand per day: gallons/day	
i. Will the proposed action obtain water from an existing public water supply?	☐Yes ☐No
Yes:	
Name of district or service area:	
 Does the existing public water supply have capacity to serve the proposal? 	☐ Yes☐ No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	☐ Yes☐ No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Do existing lines serve the project site?	☐ Yes☐ No
i. Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to supply the project?	□Yes □No
Yes: • Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
Source(s) of supply for the district:	
Yes:	☐ Yes☐No
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
Proposed source(s) of supply for new district:	
. If a public water supply will not be used, describe plans to provide water supply for the project:	
If water supply will be from wells (public or private), maximum pumping capacity: gallons/min	nute.
Will the proposed action generate liquid wastes?	□Yes□No
Yes:	
Total anticipated liquid waste generation per day: gallons/day Nature of liquid wastes to be generated (e.g., sanitary wastewater, industrial; if combination, describe all	
Nature of liquid wastes to be generated (e.g., sanitary wastewater, industrial; if combination, describe all	l components and
approximate volumes or proportions of each):	
Will do and a discount of the control of the contro	
Will the proposed action use any existing public wastewater treatment facilities? If Yes:	☐ Yes ☐ No
Name of wastewater treatment plant to be used:	
Name of district:	
Does the existing wastewater treatment plant have capacity to serve the project?	□Yes□No
• Is the project site in the existing district?	☐ Yes ☐ No
• Is expansion of the district needed?	□Yes□No

Do existing sewer lines serve the project site?	□Yes□No
 Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to serve the project? 	□Yes□No
If Yes:	
Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:	
	W 3
iv. Will a new wastewater (sewage) treatment district be formed to serve the project site?	□Yes□No
If Yes:	
Applicant/sponsor for new district:	
Date application submitted or anticipated:	
• What is the receiving water for the wastewater discharge?	ل ده د سمس د ماناک
v. If public facilities will not be used, describe plans to provide wastewater treatment for the project, including specire receiving water (name and classification if surface discharge, or describe subsurface disposal plans):	rying proposed
receiving water (name and classification if surface discharge, or describe substitute disposal plans).	
vi. Describe any plans or designs to capture, recycle or reuse liquid waste:	
e. Will the proposed action disturb more than one acre and create stormwater runoff, either from new point	□Yes□No
sources (i.e. ditches, pipes, swales, curbs, gutters or other concentrated flows of stormwater) or non-point	
source (i.e. sheet flow) during construction or post construction? If Yes:	
i. How much impervious surface will the project create in relation to total size of project parcel?	
Square feet or acres (impervious surface)	
Square feet or acres (impervious surface) Square feet or acres (parcel size)	
ii. Describe types of new point sources.	
iii. Where will the stormwater runoff be directed (i.e. on-site stormwater management facility/structures, adjacent progroundwater, on-site surface water or off-site surface waters)?	roperties,
groundwater, on-site surface water or off-site surface waters)?	
If to surface waters, identify receiving water bodies or wetlands:	
WY'll down and a second of Grand and a second arrangement of O	□Yes□No
 Will stormwater runoff flow to adjacent properties? iv. Does proposed plan minimize impervious surfaces, use pervious materials or collect and re-use stormwater? 	☐ Yes☐ No
f. Does the proposed action include, or will it use on-site, one or more sources of air emissions, including fuel	□Yes□No
combustion, waste incineration, or other processes or operations?	
If Yes, identify:	
i. Mobile sources during project operations (e.g., heavy equipment, fleet or delivery vehicles)	
ii. Stationary sources during construction (e.g., power generation, structural heating, batch plant, crushers)	
iii. Stationary sources during operations (e.g., process emissions, large boilers, electric generation)	
iii. Stationary sources during operations (e.g., process emissions, large bonors, electric generation)	
g. Will any air emission sources named in D.2.f (above), require a NY State Air Registration, Air Facility Permit,	□Yes□No
or Federal Clean Air Act Title IV or Title V Permit?	
If Yes:	
i. Is the project site located in an Air quality non-attainment area? (Area routinely or periodically fails to meet	□Yes□No
ambient air quality standards for all or some parts of the year)	
ii. In addition to emissions as calculated in the application, the project will generate:	
•Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide (CO ₂)	
 Tons/year (short tons) of Nitrous Oxide (N₂O) Tons/year (short tons) of Perfluorocarbons (PFCs) 	
• Tons/year (short tons) of Periludrocarbons (FPCs) • Tons/year (short tons) of Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF ₆)	
• Tons/year (short tons) of Santai Hexandonde (SF ₆) • Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide equivalent of Hydroflourocarbons (HFCs)	
Tons/year (short tons) of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	

h. Will the proposed action generate or emit methane (including, but not limited to, sewage treatment plants, landfills, composting facilities)? If Yes:	□Yes□No
 i. Estimate methane generation in tons/year (metric): ii. Describe any methane capture, control or elimination measures included in project design (e.g., combustion to electricity, flaring): 	generate heat or
 i. Will the proposed action result in the release of air pollutants from open-air operations or processes, such as quarry or landfill operations? If Yes: Describe operations and nature of emissions (e.g., diesel exhaust, rock particulates/dust): 	∏Yes∏No
 j. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels or generate substantial new demand for transportation facilities or services? If Yes: i. When is the peak traffic expected (Check all that apply):	☐Yes☐No ☐Yes☐No access, describe:
 vi. Are public/private transportation service(s) or facilities available within ½ mile of the proposed site? vii Will the proposed action include access to public transportation or accommodations for use of hybrid, electric or other alternative fueled vehicles? viii. Will the proposed action include plans for pedestrian or bicycle accommodations for connections to existing pedestrian or bicycle routes? 	☐Yes☐No ☐Yes☐No ☐Yes☐No
k. Will the proposed action (for commercial or industrial projects only) generate new or additional demand for energy? If Yes: i. Estimate annual electricity demand during operation of the proposed action:	□Yes□No
 ii. Anticipated sources/suppliers of electricity for the project (e.g., on-site combustion, on-site renewable, via grid/l other): iii. Will the proposed action require a new, or an upgrade to, an existing substation? 	ocal utility, or
. Hours of operation. Answer all items which apply. i. During Construction: Monday - Friday: Saturday: Sunday: Holidays: Holidays:	

 m. Will the proposed action produce noise that will exceed existing ambient noise levels during construction, operation, or both? If yes: i. Provide details including sources, time of day and duration: 	□Yes□No
ii. Will proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a noise barrier or screen?Describe:	□Yes□No
n Will the proposed action have outdoor lighting? If yes: i. Describe source(s), location(s), height of fixture(s), direction/aim, and proximity to nearest occupied structures:	□Yes□No
 ii. Will proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a light barrier or screen? Describe: 	□Yes□No
o. Does the proposed action have the potential to produce odors for more than one hour per day? If Yes, describe possible sources, potential frequency and duration of odor emissions, and proximity to nearest occupied structures:	□Yes□No
p. Will the proposed action include any bulk storage of petroleum (combined capacity of over 1,100 gallons) or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage? If Yes: i. Product(s) to be stored ii. Volume(s) per unit time (e.g., month, year) iii. Generally describe proposed storage facilities:	□Yes□No
q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation? If Yes: i. Describe proposed treatment(s):	☐ Yes ☐ No
ii. Will the proposed action use Integrated Pest Management Practices?	☐ Yes ☐No
r. Will the proposed action (commercial or industrial projects only) involve or require the management or disposal of solid waste (excluding hazardous materials)? If Yes: i. Describe any solid waste(s) to be generated during construction or operation of the facility: • Construction:	
Operation: tons per (unit of time) tons per (unit of time) ii. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recycling or reuse of materials to avoid disposal as solid waste Construction:	
Operation: iii. Proposed disposal methods/facilities for solid waste generated on-site: Construction:	
Operation:	

s. Does the proposed action include construction or mo	odification of a solid waste	management facility?	Yes No
If Yes:	ad for the site (a.g. manualin	a an tuanafan atatian a anna astir	1 4C11
<i>i.</i> Type of management or handling of waste propose other disposal activities):	ed for the site (e.g., recyclin	ig of transfer station, compostif	ig, iandiii, or
ii. Anticipated rate of disposal/processing:			
• Tons/month, if transfer or other nor	n-combustion/thermal treats	ment, or	
Tons/hour, if combustion or therma		•	
iii. If landfill, anticipated site life:	years		
t. Will proposed action at the site involve the commerc	ial generation, treatment, st	orage, or disposal of hazardous	□Yes□No
waste?	, ,	3 ,	
If Yes:			
i. Name(s) of all hazardous wastes or constituents to	be generated, handled or ma	anaged at facility:	
ii. Generally describe processes or activities involving	hazardous wastes or consti	tuents.	
w. Generally describe processes of delivities involving	, ilazardous wastes of collisti	ituonis.	
iii. Specify amount to be handled or generated	tons/month		
iv. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, re	cycling or reuse of hazardo	ous constituents:	
v. Will any hazardous wastes be disposed at an existing	og offsite hazardous waste f	acility?	□Yes□No
	ig offsite nazardous waste is		
If No: describe proposed management of any hazardous	wastes which will not be s	ent to a hazardous waste facility	y:
E. Site and Setting of Proposed Action			
E. Site and Setting of Froposed Action			
E.1. Land uses on and surrounding the project site			
a. Existing land uses.			
i. Check all uses that occur on, adjoining and near the	project site.		
☐ Urban ☐ Industrial ☐ Commercial ☐ Resid		ral (non-farm)	9
☐ Forest ☐ Agriculture ☐ Aquatic ☐ Othe	r (specify):	·	
ii. If mix of uses, generally describe:			
b. Land uses and covertypes on the project site.			
Land use or	Current	Acreage After	Change
Covertype	Acreage	Project Completion	(Acres +/-)
Roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious			
surfaces			
• Forested			
Meadows, grasslands or brushlands (non-			
agricultural, including abandoned agricultural)			
Agricultural			
(includes active orchards, field, greenhouse etc.)			
Surface water features			
(lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)			
Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)			
Non-vegetated (bare rock, earth or fill)			
Other			
Describe:			
		1	

. Is the project site presently used <i>i</i> . If Yes: explain:	by members of the community for public recreation?	□Yes□No
. Are there any facilities serving c	children, the elderly, people with disabilities (e.g., schools, hospitals, licensed s) within 1500 feet of the project site?	□Yes□No
i. Identify Facilities:		
		□Yes□No
Does the project site contain an e Yes:	existing dam?	
i. Dimensions of the dam and im	poundment:	
Dam height:	feet	
• Dam length:	feet	
• Surface area:	acres	
Volume impounded:	gallons OR acre-feet	
i. Dam's existing hazard classific		
ii. Provide date and summarize re	esults of last inspection:	
7		□Yes□No
or does the project site adjoin pr	sed as a municipal, commercial or industrial solid waste management facility, property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management facility.	
Yes:	aloned?	☐Yes☐ No
. Has the facility been formally		
If yes, cite sources/docum		
i. Describe the location of the pro-	roject site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:	
i Describe any develonment con	nstraints due to the prior solid waste activities:	
	2004.000 000 00 000 p. 100 p. 1	
Have hazardous wastes been ger	enerated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin	□Yes□No
property which is now or was at Yes:	t one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste?	
	waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurr	red:
	y. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any ed at or adjacent to the proposed site?	☐Yes☐ No
Yes:	a at of adjacent to the proposed site.	
i. Is any portion of the site listed Remediation database? Check	on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site	□Yes□No
☐ Yes – Spills Incidents datab		
Yes - Environmental Site R	Remediation database Provide DEC ID number(s):	
	A corrective activities, describe control measures:	
	C	□Yes□No
f yes, provide DEC ID number(s)		
v. If yes to (i), (ii) or (iii) above,	describe current status of site(s):	
-		

ν. Is the project site subject to an institutional control limiting property uses?		□Yes□No
If yes, DEC site ID number:		
 Describe the type of institutional control (e.g., deed restriction or easement): Describe any use limitations: 		
Describe any use miniations: Describe any engineering controls:		
Will the project affect the institutional or engineering controls in place?		☐Yes ☐No
• Explain:		
E.2. Natural Resources On or Near Project Site		
a. What is the average depth to bedrock on the project site?	feet	
b. Are there bedrock outcroppings on the project site?	0/	☐Yes☐No
If Yes, what proportion of the site is comprised of bedrock outcroppings?		
c. Predominant soil type(s) present on project site:	%	
·	%	
d. What is the average depth to the water table on the project site? Average:	feet	
e. Drainage status of project site soils: Well Drained: % of site Moderately Well Drained: % of site		
Poorly Drained % of site		
f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes: 0-10%:	% of site	
☐ 10-15%:	% of site	
☐ 15% or greater:	% of site	
g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site?		☐Yes☐No
If Yes, describe:	1111111	-
h. Surface water features.i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including st	reams, rivers.	□Yes□No
ponds or lakes)?	1041115, 111 015,	
ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site?		□Yes□No
If Yes to either i or ii, continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.	0.1.1	
iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated b state or local agency?	y any federal,	□Yes□No
iv. For each identified regulated wetland and waterbody on the project site, provide the fo	llowing information:	
Streams: Name	Classification	
Lakes or Ponds: Name Wetlands: Name Wetland No. (if regulated by DEC) Very Are any of the above water bodies listed in the most recent compilation of NYS water of	Classification	
• Wetland No. (if regulated by DEC)	Approximate Size	
., 1210 411, 02 412 400 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	uality-impaired	☐Yes ☐No
waterbodies?		
If yes, name of impaired water body/bodies and basis for listing as impaired:		-
i. Is the project site in a designated Floodway?		□Yes□No
j. Is the project site in the 100 year Floodplain?		□Yes□No
k. Is the project site in the 500 year Floodplain?		☐Yes ☐No
l. Is the project site located over, or immediately adjoining, a primary, principal or sole sou		
If Yes:	•	
i. Name of aquifer:		

m. Identify the predominant wildlife species that occupy or use the pre-	oject site:	
n. Does the project site contain a designated significant natural commulif Yes: i. Describe the habitat/community (composition, function, and basis		□Yes□No
ii. Source(s) of description or evaluation: iii. Extent of community/habitat:		
 Currently: Following completion of project as proposed: 	acres	
• Gain or loss (indicate + or -):	acres	
o. Does project site contain any species of plant or animal that is listed endangered or threatened, or does it contain any areas identified as h	by the federal government or NYS as nabitat for an endangered or threatened spec	☐ Yes☐No les?
p. Does the project site contain any species of plant or animal that is less special concern?	isted by NYS as rare, or as a species of	□Yes□No
q. Is the project site or adjoining area currently used for hunting, trapp If yes, give a brief description of how the proposed action may affect t		∐Yes □No
E.3. Designated Public Resources On or Near Project Site		
a. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in a designated agriculture and Markets Law, Article 25-AA, Section 303 and 304 If Yes, provide county plus district name/number:		∐Yes ∐No
 b. Are agricultural lands consisting of highly productive soils present? i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site? ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): 	ш	□Yes □No
c. Does the project site contain all or part of, or is it substantially cont Natural Landmark? If Yes: i. Nature of the natural landmark: ii. Provide brief description of landmark, including values behind de	☐ Geological Feature	∐Yes □No
d. Is the project site located in or does it adjoin a state listed Critical E If Yes: i. CEA name:		□Yes□No
ii. Basis for designation: iii. Designating agency and date:		

e. Does the project site contain, or is it substantially contiguous to, a building, archaeological site, or district which is listed on, or has been nominated by the NYS Board of Historic Preservation for inclusion on, the State or National Register of Historic Places? If Yes:	☐ Yes☐ No
i. Nature of historic/archaeological resource: ☐ Archaeological Site ☐ Historic Building or District ii. Name:	
iii. Brief description of attributes on which listing is based:	
f. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory?	□Yes □No
 g. Have additional archaeological or historic site(s) or resources been identified on the project site? If Yes: i. Describe possible resource(s): 	□Yes□No
ii. Basis for identification:	
h. Is the project site within fives miles of any officially designated and publicly accessible federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource? If Yes:	☐Yes ☐No
 i. Identify resource: ii. Nature of, or basis for, designation (e.g., established highway overlook, state or local park, state historic trail or etc.): iii. Distance between project and resource: miles. 	scenic byway,
 i. Is the project site located within a designated river corridor under the Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers Program 6 NYCRR 666? If Yes: i. Identify the name of the river and its designation: 	□ Yes□No
ii. Is the activity consistent with development restrictions contained in 6NYCRR Part 666?	□Yes □No
F. Additional Information Attach any additional information which may be needed to clarify your project. If you have identified any adverse impacts which could be associated with your proposal, please describe those in measures which you propose to avoid or minimize them.	npacts plus any
G. Verification I certify that the information provided is true to the best of my knowledge. Applicant/Sponsor Name Town of Plattsburgh, Michael S. Cashman Date Title Supervisor	

Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 2 - Identification of Potential Project Impacts

Project : Flood Damage Prevention Law 2023

Date : 9/19/2023

Part 2 is to be completed by the lead agency. Part 2 is designed to help the lead agency inventory all potential resources that could be affected by a proposed project or action. We recognize that the lead agency's reviewer(s) will not necessarily be environmental professionals. So, the questions are designed to walk a reviewer through the assessment process by providing a series of questions that can be answered using the information found in Part 1. To further assist the lead agency in completing Part 2, the form identifies the most relevant questions in Part 1 that will provide the information needed to answer the Part 2 question. When Part 2 is completed, the lead agency will have identified the relevant environmental areas that may be impacted by the proposed activity.

If the lead agency is a state agency and the action is in any Coastal Area, complete the Coastal Assessment Form before proceeding with this assessment.

Tips for completing Part 2:

- Review all of the information provided in Part 1.
- Review any application, maps, supporting materials and the Full EAF Workbook.
- Answer each of the 18 questions in Part 2.
- If you answer "Yes" to a numbered question, please complete all the questions that follow in that section.
- If you answer "No" to a numbered question, move on to the next numbered question.
- Check appropriate column to indicate the anticipated size of the impact.
- Proposed projects that would exceed a numeric threshold contained in a question should result in the reviewing agency checking the box "Moderate to large impact may occur."
- The reviewer is not expected to be an expert in environmental analysis.
- If you are not sure or undecided about the size of an impact, it may help to review the sub-questions for the general question and consult the workbook.
- When answering a question consider all components of the proposed activity, that is, the "whole action".
- Consider the possibility for long-term and cumulative impacts as well as direct impacts.
- Answer the question in a reasonable manner considering the scale and context of the project.

1. Impact on Land Proposed action may involve construction on, or physical alteration of, the land surface of the proposed site. (See Part 1. D.1) If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 2.	ZNO) 🗆	YES
Enter the state of	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may involve construction on land where depth to water table is less than 3 feet.	E2d	0	
b. The proposed action may involve construction on slopes of 15% or greater.	E2f		
c. The proposed action may involve construction on land where bedrock is exposed, or generally within 5 feet of existing ground surface.	E2a		
d. The proposed action may involve the excavation and removal of more than 1,000 tons of natural material.	D2a		
e. The proposed action may involve construction that continues for more than one year or in multiple phases.	D1e	0	۵
f. The proposed action may result in increased erosion, whether from physical disturbance or vegetation removal (including from treatment by herbicides).	D2e, D2q		0
g. The proposed action is, or may be, located within a Coastal Erosion hazard area.	B1i	0	0
h. Other impacts:		0	

2. Impact on Geological Features The proposed action may result in the modification or destruction of, or inhib access to, any unique or unusual land forms on the site (e.g., cliffs, dunes, minerals, fossils, caves). (See Part 1. E.2.g) If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", move on to Section 3.	it ∠ NO		YES
The state of the Control of the Cont	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Identify the specific land form(s) attached:	E2g	0	
b. The proposed action may affect or is adjacent to a geological feature listed as a registered National Natural Landmark. Specific feature:	E3c	0	О
c. Other impacts:		- ·	
	-		
3. Impacts on Surface Water The proposed action may affect one or more wetlands or other surface water bodies (e.g., streams, rivers, ponds or lakes). (See Part 1. D.2, E.2.h) If "Yes", answer questions a - l. If "No", move on to Section 4.	✓NO) <u> </u>	YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may
a. The proposed action may create a new water body.	D2b, D1h	- 0	0
b. The proposed action may result in an increase or decrease of over 10% or more than a 10 acre increase or decrease in the surface area of any body of water.	D2b		0
c. The proposed action may involve dredging more than 100 cubic yards of material from a wetland or water body.	D2a	0	D
d. The proposed action may involve construction within or adjoining a freshwater or tidal wetland, or in the bed or banks of any other water body.	E2h		
e. The proposed action may create turbidity in a waterbody, either from upland erosion, runoff or by disturbing bottom sediments.	D2a, D2h		
f. The proposed action may include construction of one or more intake(s) for withdrawal of water from surface water.	D2c		0
g. The proposed action may include construction of one or more outfall(s) for discharge of wastewater to surface water(s).	D2d		
h. The proposed action may cause soil erosion, or otherwise create a source of stormwater discharge that may lead to siltation or other degradation of receiving water bodies.	D2e	0	
i. The proposed action may affect the water quality of any water bodies within or downstream of the site of the proposed action.	E2h		0
j. The proposed action may involve the application of pesticides or herbicides in or around any water body.	D2q, E2h	0	
k The proposed action may require the construction of new or expansion of existing	Dla D2d	П	П

wastewater treatment facilities.

I. Other impacts:			
4. Impact on groundwater The proposed action may result in new or additional use of ground water, or may have the potential to introduce contaminants to ground water or an aquit (See Part 1. D.2.a, D.2.c, D.2.d, D.2.p, D.2.q, D.2.t) If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 5.	☑N0	o []YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may require new water supply wells, or create additional demand on supplies from existing water supply wells.	D2c		
b. Water supply demand from the proposed action may exceed safe and sustainable withdrawal capacity rate of the local supply or aquifer. Cite Source:	D2c		ם
c. The proposed action may allow or result in residential uses in areas without water and sewer services.	D1a, D2c		
d. The proposed action may include or require wastewater discharged to groundwater.	D2d, E2l		
e. The proposed action may result in the construction of water supply wells in locations where groundwater is, or is suspected to be, contaminated.	D2c, E1f, E1g, E1h	0	
f. The proposed action may require the bulk storage of petroleum or chemical products over ground water or an aquifer.	D2p, E2l		0
g. The proposed action may involve the commercial application of pesticides within 100 feet of potable drinking water or irrigation sources.	E2h, D2q, E2l, D2c		0
h. Other impacts:		0	0
 5. Impact on Flooding The proposed action may result in development on lands subject to flooding. (See Part 1. E.2) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", move on to Section 6. 	NO		YES
TELEST SECTION	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in development in a designated floodway.	E2i		
b. The proposed action may result in development within a 100 year floodplain.	E2j	0	
c. The proposed action may result in development within a 500 year floodplain.	E2k		0
d. The proposed action may result in, or require, modification of existing drainage patterns.	D2b, D2e		0
e. The proposed action may change flood water flows that contribute to flooding.	D2b, E2i, E2j, E2k		
f. If there is a dam located on the site of the proposed action, is the dam in need of repair, or upgrade?	Ele		0

g. Other impacts:		0	
6. Impacts on Air The proposed action may include a state regulated air emission source. (See Part 1. D.2.f., D,2,h, D.2.g) If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", move on to Section 7.	✓NO		YES
The state of the s	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
 a. If the proposed action requires federal or state air emission permits, the action may also emit one or more greenhouse gases at or above the following levels: i. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide (CO₂) ii. More than 3.5 tons/year of nitrous oxide (N₂O) iii. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon equivalent of perfluorocarbons (PFCs) iv. More than .045 tons/year of sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆) v. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide equivalent of hydrochloroflourocarbons (HFCs) emissions vi. 43 tons/year or more of methane 	D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g D2g		0 0 0
b. The proposed action may generate 10 tons/year or more of any one designated hazardous air pollutant, or 25 tons/year or more of any combination of such hazardous air pollutants.	D2g	0	
c. The proposed action may require a state air registration, or may produce an emissions rate of total contaminants that may exceed 5 lbs. per hour, or may include a heat source capable of producing more than 10 million BTU's per hour.	D2f, D2g	o .	0
d. The proposed action may reach 50% of any of the thresholds in "a" through "c", above.	D2g		0
e. The proposed action may result in the combustion or thermal treatment of more than 1 ton of refuse per hour.	D2s	0	
f. Other impacts:			0
7. Impact on Plants and Animals The proposed action may result in a loss of flora or fauna. (See Part 1. E.2. 1 If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 8.	mq.)	МО	□YES
respectively. Product Production of the second State of the second	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may cause reduction in population or loss of individuals of any threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2o	0	
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any rare, threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the federal government.	E20 .	0	
c. The proposed action may cause reduction in population, or loss of individuals, of any species of special concern or conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2p	0	
d. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any species of special concern and conservation need, as listed by New York State or	E2p	0	

Landmark to support the biological community it was established to protect.	Esc	,	
f. The proposed action may result in the removal of, or ground disturbance in, any portion of a designated significant natural community. Source:	E2n	0	0
g. The proposed action may substantially interfere with nesting/breeding, foraging, or over-wintering habitat for the predominant species that occupy or use the project site.	E2m	o.	0
h. The proposed action requires the conversion of more than 10 acres of forest, grassland or any other regionally or locally important habitat. Habitat type & information source:	E1b	0	
i. Proposed action (commercial, industrial or recreational projects, only) involves use of herbicides or pesticides.	D2q	0	o o
j. Other impacts:			
	•		
8. Impact on Agricultural Resources The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.	and b.)	✓NO	YES
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a	Relevant Part I	No, or small impact	Moderate to large impact may
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9. a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9. a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land	Relevant Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9. a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc). c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of	Relevant Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9. a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc). c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land. d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10	Relevant Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb E3b	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. a If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9. a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System. b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc). c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land. d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District. e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land	Relevant Part I Question(s) E2c, E3b E1a, Elb E3b E1b, E3a	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur

h. Other impacts:

9. Impact on Aesthetic Resources The land use of the proposed action are obviously different from, or are in sharp contrast to, current land use patterns between the proposed project and a scenic or aesthetic resource. (Part 1. E.1.a, E.1.b, E.3.h.) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", go to Section 10.	∠ NO) [YES
and a polyton grationary and an effective and a company of the com	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Proposed action may be visible from any officially designated federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource.	E3h	0	
b. The proposed action may result in the obstruction, elimination or significant screening of one or more officially designated scenic views.	E3h, C2b		0
c. The proposed action may be visible from publicly accessible vantage points: i. Seasonally (e.g., screened by summer foliage, but visible during other seasons) ii. Year round	E3h	0	: :
 d. The situation or activity in which viewers are engaged while viewing the proposed action is: i. Routine travel by residents, including travel to and from work ii. Recreational or tourism based activities 	E3h E2q, E1c	·	0 0
e. The proposed action may cause a diminishment of the public enjoyment and appreciation of the designated aesthetic resource.	E3h		
f. There are similar projects visible within the following distance of the proposed project: 0-1/2 mile 1/2 -3 mile 3-5 mile 5+ mile	D1a, E1a, D1f, D1g		
g. Other impacts:		0	_ ×
10. Impact on Historic and Archeological Resources The proposed action may occur in or adjacent to a historic or archaeological resource. (Part 1. E.3.e, f. and g.) If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 11.	√ No	O [YES
To the second of	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, any buildings, archaeological site or district which is listed on or has been nominated by the NYS Board of Historic Preservation for inclusion on the State or National Register of Historic Places.	E3e		
b. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory.	E3f		
c. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an archaeological site not included on the NY SHPO inventory. Source:	E3g		

d. Other impacts:			0
If any of the above (a-d) are answered "Moderate to large impact may e. occur", continue with the following questions to help support conclusions in Part 3:			
i. The proposed action may result in the destruction or alteration of all or part of the site or property.	E3e, E3g, E3f		
ii. The proposed action may result in the alteration of the property's setting or integrity.	E3e, E3f, E3g, E1a, E1b		
iii. The proposed action may result in the introduction of visual elements which are out of character with the site or property, or may alter its setting.	E3e, E3f, E3g, E3h, C2, C3	0	
11. Impact on Open Space and Recreation The proposed action may result in a loss of recreational opportunities or a reduction of an open space resource as designated in any adopted municipal open space plan. (See Part 1. C.2.c, E.1.c., E.2.q.) If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 12.	✓N	ю [YES
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in an impairment of natural functions, or "ecosystem services", provided by an undeveloped area, including but not limited to stormwater storage, nutrient cycling, wildlife habitat.	D2e, E1b E2h, E2m, E2o, E2n, E2p		□.
b. The proposed action may result in the loss of a current or future recreational resource.	C2a, E1c, C2c, E2q	0	
c. The proposed action may eliminate open space or recreational resource in an area with few such resources.	C2a, C2c E1c, E2q		
d. The proposed action may result in loss of an area now used informally by the community as an open space resource.	C2c, E1c	0	0
e. Other impacts:		0	
12. Impact on Critical Environmental Areas The proposed action may be located within or adjacent to a critical environmental area (CEA). (See Part 1. E.3.d) If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", go to Section 13.	√ NO) [YES
STATE TO A STATE OF THE STATE O	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quantity of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d	0	
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quality of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d	0	0
c. Other impacts:			

13. Impact on Transportation The proposed action may result in a change to existing transportation systems (See Part 1. D.2.j)	s. 🚺 No	o 🔲	YES
If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 14.	Relevant	No, or	Moderate
The state of the s	Part I Question(s)	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
a. Projected traffic increase may exceed capacity of existing road network.	D2j		
b. The proposed action may result in the construction of paved parking area for 500 or more vehicles.	D2j	0	D
c. The proposed action will degrade existing transit access.	D2j	0	0
d. The proposed action will degrade existing pedestrian or bicycle accommodations.	D2j	0	
e. The proposed action may alter the present pattern of movement of people or goods.	D2j		0
f. Other impacts:	8	0	
14. Impact on Energy The proposed action may cause an increase in the use of any form of energy. (See Part 1. D.2.k) If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 15.	✓N	о 🔲	YES
ij les , unswer questions u - e. ij ivo , go to section 13.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action will require a new, or an upgrade to an existing, substation.	D2k		
b. The proposed action will require the creation or extension of an energy transmission or supply system to serve more than 50 single or two-family residences or to serve a commercial or industrial use.	D1f, D1q, D2k	0	
c. The proposed action may utilize more than 2,500 MWhrs per year of electricity.	D2k		
d. The proposed action may involve heating and/or cooling of more than 100,000 square feet of building area when completed.	D1g	D	0
e. Other Impacts:			
		Li	L
15. Impact on Noise, Odor, and Light The proposed action may result in an increase in noise, odors, or outdoor light (See Part 1. D.2.m., n., and o.)	ating. VNC		YES
If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 16.	Relevant	No, or	Moderate
World-Attraction of the Control of t	Part I Question(s)	small impact may occur	to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may produce sound above noise levels established by local regulation.	D2m		
b. The proposed action may result in blasting within 1,500 feet of any residence, hospital, school, licensed day care center, or nursing home.	D2m, E1d		0
c. The proposed action may result in routine odors for more than one hour per day.	D2o	0	

d. The proposed action may result in light shining onto adjoining properties.	D2n	
e. The proposed action may result in lighting creating sky-glow brighter than existing area conditions.	D2n, E1a	0
f. Other impacts:	-	

16. Impact on Human Health The proposed action may have an impact on human health from exposure to new or existing sources of contaminants. (See Part 1.D.2.q., E.1. d. f. g. and h.) If "Yes", answer questions a - m. If "No", go to Section 17.				
	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No,or small impact may cccur	Moderate to large impact may occur	
a. The proposed action is located within 1500 feet of a school, hospital, licensed day care center, group home, nursing home or retirement community.	E1d	0		
b. The site of the proposed action is currently undergoing remediation.	Elg, Elh	0		
c. There is a completed emergency spill remediation, or a completed environmental site remediation on, or adjacent to, the site of the proposed action.	Elg, Elh		0	
d. The site of the action is subject to an institutional control limiting the use of the property (e.g., easement or deed restriction).	Elg, Elh		0	
e. The proposed action may affect institutional control measures that were put in place to ensure that the site remains protective of the environment and human health.	Elg, Elh		0	
f. The proposed action has adequate control measures in place to ensure that future generation, treatment and/or disposal of hazardous wastes will be protective of the environment and human health.	D2t	٥		
g. The proposed action involves construction or modification of a solid waste management facility.	D2q, E1f			
h. The proposed action may result in the unearthing of solid or hazardous waste.	D2q, E1f		<u> </u>	
i. The proposed action may result in an increase in the rate of disposal, or processing, of solid waste.	D2r, D2s	0	0	
j. The proposed action may result in excavation or other disturbance within 2000 feet of a site used for the disposal of solid or hazardous waste.	Elf, Elg Elh	0		
k. The proposed action may result in the migration of explosive gases from a landfill site to adjacent off site structures.	Elf, Elg	0		
l. The proposed action may result in the release of contaminated leachate from the project site.	D2s, E1f, D2r		÷ 0	
m. Other impacts:				

The proposed action is not consistent with adopted land use plans. (See Part 1. C.1, C.2. and C.3.) If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", go to Section 18.	✓NO YES		
The state of the s	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action's land use components may be different from, or in sharp contrast to, current surrounding land use pattern(s).	C2, C3, D1a E1a, E1b	0	
b. The proposed action will cause the permanent population of the city, town or village in which the project is located to grow by more than 5%.	C2	0	0
c. The proposed action is inconsistent with local land use plans or zoning regulations.	C2, C2, C3		
d. The proposed action is inconsistent with any County plans, or other regional land use plans.	C2, C2	0	0
e. The proposed action may cause a change in the density of development that is not supported by existing infrastructure or is distant from existing infrastructure.	C3, D1c, D1d, D1f, D1d, Elb		
f. The proposed action is located in an area characterized by low density development that will require new or expanded public infrastructure.	C4, D2c, D2d D2j	- 0	0
g. The proposed action may induce secondary development impacts (e.g., residential or commercial development not included in the proposed action)	C2a		
h. Other:			0
18. Consistency with Community Character The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3.	✓NO	· 🗀	YES
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character.	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3.	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g	No, or small impact	Moderate to large impact may
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g.	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire) c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g C4 C2, C3, D1f	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire) c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where there is a shortage of such housing. d. The proposed action may interfere with the use or enjoyment of officially recognized	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g C4 C2, C3, D1f D1g, E1a	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. (See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3) If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3. a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community. b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire) c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where there is a shortage of such housing. d. The proposed action may interfere with the use or enjoyment of officially recognized or designated public resources. e. The proposed action is inconsistent with the predominant architectural scale and	Relevant Part I Question(s) E3e, E3f, E3g C4 C2, C3, D1f D1g, E1a C2, E3	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur

Project : Flood Damage Prevention Law 2023

Date: 9/19/2023

Full Environmental Assessment Form Part 3 - Evaluation of the Magnitude and Importance of Project Impacts Determination of Significance

Part 3 provides the reasons in support of the determination of significance. The lead agency must complete Part 3 for every question in Part 2 where the impact has been identified as potentially moderate to large or where there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action will not, or may, result in a significant adverse environmental impact.

Based on the analysis in Part 3, the lead agency must decide whether to require an environmental impact statement to further assess the proposed action or whether available information is sufficient for the lead agency to conclude that the proposed action will not have a significant adverse environmental impact. By completing the certification on the next page, the lead agency can complete its determination of significance.

Reasons Supporting This Determination:

To complete this section:

- Identify the impact based on the Part 2 responses and describe its magnitude. Magnitude considers factors such as severity, size or extent of an impact.
- Assess the importance of the impact. Importance relates to the geographic scope, duration, probability of the impact occurring, number of people affected by the impact and any additional environmental consequences if the impact were to
- The assessment should take into consideration any design element or project changes.
- Repeat this process for each Part 2 question where the impact has been identified as potentially moderate to large or where there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action will not, or may, result in a significant adverse environmental impact.
- Provide the reason(s) why the impact may, or will not, result in a significant adverse environmental impact
- For Conditional Negative Declarations identify the specific condition(s) imposed that will modify the proposed action so that no significant adverse environmental impacts will result.
- Attach additional sheets, as needed.

The Planning Board reviewed and considered plans maps, documents, and materials including but not limited to: Draft Law, Maps, building permit
information, observations, SEQRA EAF Part I, and statements, meeting minutes, and public meeting conversations and comments regarding the same. Ir
consideration of these materials and the fact that the Local law is intended to prevent the impacts of flooding upon the built, human, and natural
environment; The Planning Board finds that passage of this law will have no significant environmental impact.

	Datarminatio	on of Significance	Tyna 1 and	Unlisted Actions	
		on of Significance	- Type I and	——————————————————————————————————————	
SEQR Status:	✓ Type 1	Unlisted			
Identify portions of EAF completed for this Project: Part 1 Part 2 Part 3					

Upon review of the information recorded on this EAF, as noted, plus this additional support information Draft Law. Maps. SEQRA part I. Meetings. Etc.				
and considering both the magnitude and importance of each identified potential impact, it is the conclusion of the Town of Plattsburgh as lead agency that:				
A. This project will result in no significant adverse impacts on the environment, and, therefore, an environmental impact statement need not be prepared. Accordingly, this negative declaration is issued.				
B. Although this project could have a significant adverse impact on the environment, that impact will be avoided or substantially mitigated because of the following conditions which will be required by the lead agency:				
There will, therefore, be no significant adverse impacts from the project as conditioned, and, therefore, this conditioned negative declaration is issued. A conditioned negative declaration may be used only for UNLISTED actions (see 6 NYCRR 617.d). C. This Project may result in one or more significant adverse impacts on the environment, and an environmental impact statement must be prepared to further assess the impact(s) and possible mitigation and to explore alternatives to avoid or reduce those impacts. Accordingly, this positive declaration is issued.				
Name of Action: Flood Damage Prevention Local Law 2023				
Name of Lead Agency: Town of Plattsburgh Town Board				
Name of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency: Michael S. Cashman				
Title of Responsible Officer: Supervisor				
Signature of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency: Date: 10.12.23				
Signature of Preparer (if different from Responsible Officer) Date: 9/19/2023				
For Further Information:				
Contact Person: Michael S. Cashman				
Address: 151 Banker Road Plattsburgh, NY 12901				
Telephone Number: (518) 562-6000				
E-mail: Michaelc@townofplattsburgh.org				
For Type 1 Actions and Conditioned Negative Declarations, a copy of this Notice is sent to:				
Chief Executive Officer of the political subdivision in which the action will be principally located (e.g., Town / City / Village of) Other involved agencies (if any) Applicant (if any) Environmental Notice Bulletin: http://www.dec.ny.gov/enb/enb.html				

TOWN OF PLATTSBURGH TOWN BOARD WORK SESSION PUBLIC HEARING October 12, 2023

NOTICE is hereby given that the Town of Plattsburgh Town Board will meet and hold public hearings thereon at the Town Hall located on the Banker Road, in the Town of Plattsburgh, Clinton County, New York on Thursday, October 12, 2023 at 6:05 p.m. prevailing time in relation to provide citizens adequate opportunity to participate in the review of proposed Local Law No. 5 of 2023 a Local Law amending Local Law No. 4 of 2007 Flood Damage Prevention.

1. Acceptance of Written Comments into the Record of the Hearing

2. Open Public Hearing to the Floor for Public Comment

Motion to OPEN Public Hearings

Motion by: Barbara E. Hebert

Seconded by: Thomas E. Wood

Discussion: None

Motion to CLOSE Public Hearings

Motion by: Charles A. Kostyk

Seconded by: Thomas E. Wood

	Yes	No		Yes	<u>No</u>
Thomas E. Wood	X		Thomas E. Wood	X	
Barbara E. Hebert	X		Barbara E. Hebert	X	
Charles A. Kostyk	X		Charles A. Kostyk	X	
Dana M. Isabella		Absent	Dana M. Isabella		Absent
Michael S. Cashman	X		Michael S. Cashman	X	

Time: 6:05 PM Time: 6:11 PM

A local law for Flood Damage Prevention as authorized by the New York State Constitution, Article IX, Section 2, and Environmental Conservation Law, Article 36

SECTION 1.0 STATUTORY AUTHORIZATION AND PURPOSE

1.1 FINDINGS

The Town Board of the Town of Plattsburgh finds that the potential and/or actual damages from flooding and erosion may be a problem to the residents of the Town of Plattsburgh and that such damages may include: destruction or loss of private and public housing, damage to public facilities, both publicly and privately owned, and injury to and loss of human life. In order to minimize the threat of such damages and to achieve the purposes and objectives hereinafter set forth, this local law is adopted.

1.2 STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

It is the purpose of this local law to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in specific areas by provisions designed to:

- (1) regulate uses which are dangerous to health, safety and property due to water or erosion hazards, or which result in damaging increases in erosion or in flood heights or velocities;
- (2) require that uses vulnerable to floods, including facilities which serve such uses, be protected against flood damage at the time of initial construction;
- (3) control the alteration of natural floodplains, stream channels, and natural protective barriers which are involved in the accommodation of flood waters;
- (4) control filling, grading, dredging and other development which may increase erosion or flood damages;
- (5) regulate the construction of flood barriers which will unnaturally divert flood waters or which may increase flood hazards to other lands, and;
- (6) qualify and maintain for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.

1.3 OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this local law are:

- (1) to protect human life and health;
- (2) to minimize expenditure of public money for costly flood control projects;
- (3) to minimize the need for rescue and relief efforts associated with flooding and generally undertaken at the expense of the general public;

- (4) to minimize prolonged business interruptions;
- (5) to minimize damage to public facilities and utilities such as water and gas mains, electric, telephone, sewer lines, streets and bridges located in areas of special flood hazard;
- (6) to help maintain a stable tax base by providing for the sound use and development of areas of special flood hazard so as to minimize future flood blight areas;
- (7) to provide that developers are notified that property is in an area of special flood hazard; and.
- (8) to ensure that those who occupy the areas of special flood hazard assume responsibility for their actions.

SECTION 2.0 DEFINITIONS

Unless specifically defined below, words or phrases used in this local law shall be interpreted so as to give them the meaning they have in common usage and to give this local law its most reasonable application.

- "Accessory Structure" is a structure used solely for parking (two-car detached garages or smaller) or limited storage, represent a minimal investment of not more than 10 percent of the value of the primary structure, and may not be used for human habitation.
- "Appeal" means a request for a review of the Local Administrator's interpretation of any provision of this Local Law or a request for a variance.
- "Area of shallow flooding" means a designated AO, AH or VO Zone on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM) with a one percent or greater annual chance of flooding to an average annual depth of one to three feet where a clearly defined channel does not exist, where the path of flooding is unpredictable and where velocity flow may be evident. Such flooding is characterized by ponding or sheet flow.
- "Area of special flood hazard" is the land in the floodplain within a community subject to a one percent or greater chance of flooding in any given year. This area may be designated as Zone A, AE, AH, AO, A1-A30, A99, V, VO, VE, or V1-V30. It is also commonly referred to as the base floodplain or l00-year floodplain. For purposes of this Local Law, the term "special flood hazard area (SFHA)" is synonymous in meaning with the phrase "area of special flood hazard."
- "Base flood" means the flood having a one percent chance of being equaled or exceeded in any given year.
- "Basement" means that portion of a building having its floor subgrade (below ground level) on all sides.
- "Building" see "Structure"
- "Cellar" has the same meaning as "Basement".
- "Crawl Space" means an enclosed area beneath the lowest elevated floor, eighteen inches or more in height, which is used to service the underside of the lowest elevated floor. The elevation of the floor of this enclosed area, which may be of soil, gravel, concrete or other material, must be equal to or above the lowest adjacent exterior grade. The enclosed crawl space area shall be properly vented to allow for the equalization of hydrostatic forces which would be experienced during periods of flooding.
- "Development" means any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, mining, dredging, filling, paving, excavation or drilling operations or storage of equipment or materials.
- "Elevated building" means a non-basement building (i) built, in the case of a building in Zones A1-A30, AE, A, A99, AO, AH, B, C, X, or D, to have the top of the elevated floor, or in the case of a building in Zones V1-30, VE, or V, to have the bottom of the lowest horizontal structure member of the

elevated floor, elevated above the ground level by means of pilings, columns (posts and piers), or shear walls parallel to the flow of the water and (ii) adequately anchored so as not to impair the structural integrity of the building during a flood of up to the magnitude of the base flood. In the case of Zones A1-A30, AE, A, A99, AO, AH, B, C, X, or D, "elevated building" also includes a building elevated by means of fill or solid foundation perimeter walls with openings sufficient to facilitate the unimpeded movement of flood waters. In the case of Zones V1-V30, VE, or V, "elevated building" also includes a building otherwise meeting the definition of "elevated building", even though the lower area is enclosed by means of breakaway walls that meet the federal standards.

"Federal Emergency Management Agency" means the Federal agency that administers the National Flood Insurance Program.

"Flood" or "Flooding" means a general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:

- (1) the overflow of inland or tidal waters;
- (2) the unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

"Flood" or "flooding" also means the collapse or subsidence of land along the shore of a lake or other body of water as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels or suddenly caused by an unusually high water level in a natural body of water, accompanied by a severe storm, or by an unanticipated force of nature, such as a flash flood or an abnormal tidal surge, or by some similarly unusual and unforeseeable event which results in flooding as defined in (1) above.

"Flood Boundary and Floodway Map (FBFM)" means an official map of the community published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency as part of a riverine community's Flood Insurance Study. The FBFM delineates a Regulatory Floodway along water courses studied in detail in the Flood Insurance Study.

"Flood Elevation Study" means an examination, evaluation and determination of the flood hazards and, if appropriate, corresponding water surface elevations, or an examination, evaluation and determination of flood- related erosion hazards.

"Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM)" means an official map of a community, issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, where the boundaries of the areas of special flood hazard have been designated as Zone A but no flood elevations are provided.

"Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)" means an official map of a community, on which the Federal Emergency Management Agency has delineated both the areas of special flood hazard and the risk premium zones applicable to the community.

"Flood Insurance Study" see "flood elevation study".

"Floodplain" or "Flood-prone area" means any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source (see definition of "Flooding").

"Floodproofing" means any combination of structural and non-structural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.

"Floodway" - has the same meaning as "Regulatory Floodway".

"Functionally dependent use" means a use which cannot perform its intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water, such as a docking or port facility necessary for the loading and unloading of cargo or passengers, shipbuilding, and ship repair facilities. The term does not include long-term storage, manufacturing, sales, or service facilities.

"Highest adjacent grade" means the highest natural elevation of the ground surface, prior to construction, next to the proposed walls of a structure.

"Historic structure" means any structure that is:

- (1) listed individually in the National Register of Historic Places (a listing maintained by the Department of the Interior) or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting the requirements for individual listing on the National Register;
- (2) certified or preliminarily determined by the Secretary of the Interior as contributing to the historical significance of a registered historic district or a district preliminarily determined by the Secretary to qualify as a registered historic district;
- (3) individually listed on a state inventory of historic places in states with historic preservation programs which have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior; or
- (4) individually listed on a local inventory of historic places in communities with historic preservation programs that have been certified either:
 - (i) by an approved state program as determined by the Secretary of the Interior or
 - (ii) directly by the Secretary of the Interior in states without approved programs.

"Local Administrator" is the person appointed by the community to administer and implement this local law by granting or denying development permits in accordance with its provisions. This person is often the Building Inspector, Code Enforcement Officer, or employee of an engineering department.

"Lowest floor" means lowest floor of the lowest enclosed area (including basement or cellar). An unfinished or flood resistant enclosure, usable solely for parking of vehicles, building access, or storage in an area other than a basement area is not considered a building's lowest floor; provided, that such enclosure is not built so as to render the structure in violation of the applicable non-elevation design requirements of this Local Law.

"Manufactured home" means a structure, transportable in one or more sections, which is built on a permanent chassis and designed to be used with or without a permanent foundation when connected to the required utilities. The term does not include a "Recreational vehicle"

- "Manufactured home park or subdivision" means a parcel (or contiguous parcels) of land divided into two or more manufactured home lots for rent or sale.
- "Mean sea level" means, for purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program, the National Geodetic Vertical Datum (NGVD) of 1929, the North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD 88), or other datum, to which base flood elevations shown on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Map are referenced.
- "Mobile home" has the same meaning as "Manufactured home".
- "New construction" means structures for which the "start of construction" commenced on or after the effective date of a floodplain management regulation adopted by the community and includes any subsequent improvements to such structure.
- "One hundred year flood" or "100-year flood" has the same meaning as "Base Flood".
- "Principally above ground" means that at least 51 percent of the actual cash value of the structure, excluding land value, is above ground.
- "Recreational vehicle" means a vehicle which is:
 - (1) built on a single chassis;
 - (2) 400 square feet or less when measured at the largest horizontal projections;
 - (3) designed to be self-propelled or permanently towable by a light duty truck; and
 - (4) not designed primarily for use as a permanent dwelling but as temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, travel, or seasonal use.
- "Regulatory Floodway" means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height as determined by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in a Flood Insurance Study or by other agencies as provided in Section 4.4-2 of this Law.
- "Start of construction" means the date of permit issuance for new construction and substantial improvements to existing structures, provided that actual start of construction, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition placement, or other improvement is within 180 days after the date of issuance. The actual start of construction means the first placement of permanent construction of a building (including a manufactured home) on a site, such as the pouring of a slab or footings, installation of pilings or construction of columns.

Permanent construction does not include land preparation (such as clearing, excavation, grading, or filling), or the installation of streets or walkways, or excavation for a basement, footings, piers or foundations, or the erection of temporary forms, or the installation of accessory buildings such as garages or sheds not occupied as dwelling units or not part of the main building. For a substantial improvement, the actual "start of construction" means the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of a building, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the building.

- "Structure" means a walled and roofed building, including a gas or liquid storage tank that is principally above ground, as well as a manufactured home.
- "Substantial damage" means damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to its before damaged condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred.
- "Substantial improvement" means any reconstruction, rehabilitation, addition, or other improvement of a structure, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the "start of construction" of the improvement. The term includes structures which have incurred "substantial damage", regardless of the actual repair work performed. The term does not, however, include either:
 - (1) any project for improvement of a structure to correct existing violations of state or local health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which have been identified by the local code enforcement official and which are the minimum necessary to assure safe living conditions; or
 - (2) any alteration of a "Historic structure", provided that the alteration will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "Historic structure".
- "Variance" means a grant of relief from the requirements of this local law which permits construction or use in a manner that would otherwise be prohibited by this local law.
- "Violation" means the failure of a structure or other development to be fully compliant with the community's flood plain management regulations.

SECTION 3.0 GENERAL PROVISIONS

3.1 LANDS TO WHICH THIS LOCAL LAW APPLIES

This local law shall apply to all areas of special flood hazard within the jurisdiction of the Town of Plattsburgh

3.2 BASIS FOR ESTABLISHING THE AREAS OF SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD

The areas of special flood hazard for the <u>Town of Plattsburgh</u>, Community Number <u>360169</u> are identified and defined on the following documents prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

(1) Flood Insurance Rate Map panels:

36019C0470E, 36019C0490E, 36019C0558E, 36019C0559E, 36019C0560E, 36019C0570E, 36019C05779E, 36019C0580E, 36019C0581D, 36019C0582D, 36019C0583E, 36019C0584D, 36019C0591E, 36019C0592E, 36019C0604E, 36019C0605E, 36019C0610E, 36019C0611E, 36019C0612E, 36019C0613E, 36019C0614E

Whose effective date is <u>December 7, 2023</u> and any subsequent revisions to these map panels that do not affect areas under our community's jurisdiction.

(2) A scientific and engineering report entitled "Flood Insurance Study, Clinton County, New York, All Jurisdictions" dated December 7, 2023.

The above documents are hereby adopted and declared to be a part of this Local Law. The Flood Insurance Study and/or maps are on file at:

Town of Plattsburgh offices, 151 Banker Road, Plattsburgh, New York 12901

3.3 INTERPRETATION AND CONFLICT WITH OTHER LAWS

This Local Law includes all revisions to the National Flood Insurance Program through October 27, 1997 and shall supersede all previous laws adopted for the purpose of flood damage prevention.

In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this local law shall be held to be minimum requirements, adopted for the promotion of the public health, safety, and welfare. Whenever the requirements of this local law are at variance with the requirements of any other lawfully adopted rules, regulations, or ordinances, the most restrictive, or that imposing the higher standards, shall govern.

3.4 SEVERABILITY

The invalidity of any section or provision of this local law shall not invalidate any other section or provision thereof.

3.5 PENALTIES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE

No structure in an area of special flood hazard shall hereafter be constructed, located, extended, converted, or altered and no land shall be excavated or filled without full compliance with the terms of this local law and any other applicable regulations. Any infraction of the provisions of this local law by failure to comply with any of its requirements, including infractions of conditions and safeguards established in connection with conditions of the permit, shall constitute a violation. Any person who violates this local law or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall, upon conviction thereof, be fined no more than \$250 or imprisoned for not more than 15 days or both. Each day of noncompliance shall be considered a separate offense. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Town of Plattsburgh from taking such other lawful action as necessary to prevent or remedy an infraction. Any structure found not compliant with the requirements of this local law for which the developer and/or owner has not applied for and received an approved variance under Section 6.0 will be declared non-compliant and notification sent to the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

3.6 WARNING AND DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY

The degree of flood protection required by this local law is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on scientific and engineering considerations. Larger floods can and will occur on rare occasions. Flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes. This local law does not imply that land outside the area of special flood hazards or uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damages. This local law shall not create liability on the part of the Town of Plattsburgh any officer or employee thereof, or the Federal Emergency Management Agency, for any flood damages that result from reliance on this local law or any administrative decision lawfully made there under.

SECTION 4.0 ADMINISTRATION

4.1 DESIGNATION OF THE LOCAL ADMINISTRATOR

The Code Enforcement Officer is hereby appointed Local Administrator to administer and implement this local law by granting or denying floodplain development permits in accordance with its provisions.

4.2 THE FLOODPLAIN DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

4.2-1 PURPOSE

A floodplain development permit is hereby established for all construction and other development to be undertaken in areas of special flood hazard in this community for the purpose of protecting its citizens from increased flood hazards and insuring that new development is constructed in a manner that minimizes its exposure to flooding. It shall be unlawful to undertake any development in an area of special flood hazard, as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map enumerated in Section 3.2, without a valid floodplain development permit. Application for a permit shall be made on forms furnished by the Local Administrator and may include, but not be limited to: plans, in duplicate, drawn to scale and showing: the nature, location, dimensions, and elevations of the area in question; existing or proposed structures, fill, storage of materials, drainage facilities, and the location of the foregoing.

4.2-2 FEES

All applications for a floodplain development permit shall be accompanied by an application fee of \$\frac{100.00}{\text{Town of Plattsburgh}}\$. In addition, the applicant shall be responsible for reimbursing the for any additional costs necessary for review, inspection and approval of this project. The Local Administrator may require a deposit of no more than \$500.00 to cover these additional costs.

4.3 APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT

The applicant shall provide the following information as appropriate. Additional information may be required on the permit application form.

- (1) The proposed elevation, in relation to mean sea level, of the lowest floor (including basement or cellar) of any new or substantially improved residential structure to be located in a special flood hazard area. Upon completion of the lowest floor, the permitee shall submit to the Local Administrator the as-built elevation, certified by a licensed professional engineer or surveyor.
- (2) The proposed elevation, in relation to mean sea level, of the lowest floor (including basement or cellar) of any new or substantially improved non-residential structure to be located in Zones A1-A30, AE, or AH or Zone A if base flood elevation data are available. Upon completion of the lowest floor, the permitee shall submit to the Local Administrator the asbuilt elevation, certified by a licensed professional engineer or surveyor.

- (3) The proposed elevation, in relation to mean sea level, to which any new or substantially improved non-residential structure will be floodproofed. Upon completion of the floodproofed portion of the structure, the permitee shall submit to the Local Administrator the as-built floodproofed elevation, certified by a professional engineer or surveyor.
- (4) A certificate from a licensed professional engineer or architect that any utility floodproofing will meet the criteria in Section 5.2-3, UTILITIES.
- (5) A certificate from a licensed professional engineer or architect that any non-residential floodproofed structure will meet the floodproofing criteria in Section 5.4, NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES.
- (6) A description of the extent to which any watercourse will be altered or relocated as a result of proposed development. Computations by a licensed professional engineer must be submitted that demonstrate that the altered or relocated segment will provide equal or greater conveyance than the original stream segment. The applicant must submit any maps, computations or other material required by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to revise the documents enumerated in Section 3.2, when notified by the Local Administrator, and must pay any fees or other costs assessed by FEMA for this purpose. The applicant must also provide assurances that the conveyance capacity of the altered or relocated stream segment will be maintained.
- (7) A technical analysis, by a licensed professional engineer, if required by the Local Administrator, which shows whether proposed development to be located in an area of special flood hazard may result in physical damage to any other property.
- (8) In Zone A, when no base flood elevation data are available from other sources, base flood elevation data shall be provided by the permit applicant for subdivision proposals and other proposed developments (including proposals for manufactured home and recreational vehicle parks and subdivisions) that are greater than either 50 lots or 5 acres.

4.4 DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE LOCAL ADMINISTRATOR

Duties of the Local Administrator shall include, but not be limited to the following.

4.4-1 PERMIT APPLICATION REVIEW

The Local Administrator shall conduct the following permit application review before issuing a floodplain development permit:

- (1) Review all applications for completeness, particularly with the requirements of subsection 4.3, APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT, and for compliance with the provisions and standards of this law.
- (2) Review subdivision and other proposed new development, including manufactured home parks to determine whether proposed building sites will be reasonably safe from flooding. If a proposed building site is located in an area of special flood hazard, all new construction and substantial improvements shall meet the applicable standards of

- Section 5.0, CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS and, in particular, sub-section 5.1-1 SUBDIVISION PROPOSALS.
- (3) Determine whether any proposed development in an area of special flood hazard may result in physical damage to any other property (e.g., stream bank erosion and increased flood velocities). The Local Administrator may require the applicant to submit additional technical analyses and data necessary to complete the determination.
 - If the proposed development may result in physical damage to any other property or fails to meet the requirements of Section 5.0, CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS, no permit shall be issued. The applicant may revise the application to include measures that mitigate or eliminate the adverse effects and re-submit the application.
- (4) Determine that all necessary permits have been received from those governmental agencies from which approval is required by State or Federal law.

4.4-2 USE OF OTHER FLOOD DATA

- (1) When the Federal Emergency Management Agency has designated areas of special flood hazard on the community's Flood Insurance Rate map (FIRM) but has neither produced water surface elevation data (these areas are designated Zone A or V on the FIRM) nor identified a floodway, the Local Administrator shall obtain, review and reasonably utilize any base flood elevation and floodway data available from a Federal, State or other source, including data developed pursuant to paragraph 4.3(7), as criteria for requiring that new construction, substantial improvements or other proposed development meet the requirements of this law.
- (2) When base flood elevation data are not available, the Local Administrator may use flood information from any other authoritative source, such as historical data, to establish flood elevations within the areas of special flood hazard, for the purposes of this law.
- (3) When an area of special flood hazard, base flood elevation, and/or floodway data are available from a Federal, State or other authoritative source, but differ from the data in the documents enumerated in Section 3.2, the Local Administrator may reasonably utilize the other flood information to enforce more restrictive development standards.

4.4-3 ALTERATION OF WATERCOURSES

- (l) Notification to adjacent municipalities that may be affected and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation prior to permitting any alteration or relocation of a watercourse, and submit evidence of such notification to the Regional Administrator, Region II, Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- (2) Determine that the permit holder has provided for maintenance within the altered or relocated portion of said watercourse so that the flood carrying capacity is not diminished.

4.4-4 CONSTRUCTION STAGE

- (1) In Zones A1-A30, AE and AH, and also Zone A if base flood elevation data are available, upon placement of the lowest floor or completion of floodproofing of a new or substantially improved structure, obtain from the permit holder a certification of the as-built elevation of the lowest floor or floodproofed elevation, in relation to mean sea level. The certificate shall be prepared by or under the direct supervision of a licensed land surveyor or professional engineer and certified by same. For manufactured homes, the permit holder shall submit the certificate of elevation upon placement of the structure on the site. A certificate of elevation must also be submitted for a recreational vehicle if it remains on a site for 180 consecutive days or longer (unless it is fully licensed and ready for highway use).
- (2) Any further work undertaken prior to submission and approval of the certification shall be at the permit holder's risk. The Local Administrator shall review all data submitted. Deficiencies detected shall be cause to issue a stop work order for the project unless immediately corrected.

4.4-5 INSPECTIONS

The Local Administrator and/or the developer's engineer or architect shall make periodic inspections at appropriate times throughout the period of construction in order to monitor compliance with permit conditions and enable said inspector to certify, if requested, that the development is in compliance with the requirements of the floodplain development permit and/or any variance provisions.

4.4-6 STOP WORK ORDERS

- (1) The Local Administrator shall issue, or cause to be issued, a stop work order for any floodplain development found ongoing without a development permit. Disregard of a stop work order shall subject the violator to the penalties described in Section 3.5 of this local law.
- (2) The Local Administrator shall issue, or cause to be issued, a stop work order for any flood-plain development found non-compliant with the provisions of this law and/or the conditions of the development permit. Disregard of a stop work order shall subject the violator to the penalties described in Section 3.5 of this local law.

4.4-7 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE

- (l) In areas of special flood hazard, as determined by documents enumerated in Section 3.2, it shall be unlawful to occupy or to permit the use or occupancy of any building or premises, or both, or part thereof hereafter created, erected, changed, converted or wholly or partly altered or enlarged in its use or structure until a certificate of compliance has been issued by the Local Administrator stating that the building or land conforms to the requirements of this local law.
- (2) A certificate of compliance shall be issued by the Local Administrator upon satisfactory completion of all development in areas of special flood hazard.

(3) Issuance of the certificate shall be based upon the inspections conducted as prescribed in Section 4.4-5, INSPECTIONS, and/or any certified elevations, hydraulic data, floodproofing, and before the temperature or encroachment analyses which may have been required as a condition of the approved permit.

4.4-8 INFORMATION TO BE RETAINED

The Local Administrator shall retain and make available for inspection, copies of the following:

- (1) Floodplain development permits and certificates of compliance;
- (2) Certifications of as-built lowest floor elevations of structures, required pursuant to sub-sections 4.4-4(1) and 4.4-4(2), and whether or not the structures contain a basement;
- (3) Floodproofing certificates required pursuant to sub-section 4.4-4(1), and whether or not the structures contain a basement;
- (4) Variances issued pursuant to Section 6.0, VARIANCE PROCEDURES; and,
- (5) Notices required under sub-section 4.4-3, ALTERATION OF WATERCOURSES.

SECTION 5.0 CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS

5.1 GENERAL STANDARDS

The following standards apply to new development, including new and substantially improved structures, in the areas of special flood hazard shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map designated in Section 3.2.

5.1-1 SUBDIVISION PROPOSALS

The following standards apply to all new subdivision proposals and other proposed development in areas of special flood hazard (including proposals for manufactured home and recreational vehicle parks and subdivisions):

- (l) Proposals shall be consistent with the need to minimize flood damage;
- (2) Public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems shall be located and constructed so as to minimize flood damage; and,
- (3) Adequate drainage shall be provided to reduce exposure to flood damage.

5.1-2 ENCROACHMENTS

- (1) Within Zones A1-A30 and AE, on streams without a regulatory floodway, no new construction, substantial improvements or other development (including fill) shall be permitted unless:
 - (i) the applicant demonstrates that the cumulative effect of the proposed development, when combined with all other existing and anticipated development, will not increase the water surface elevation of the base flood more than one foot at any location, or,
 - (ii) the Town of Plattsburgh agrees to apply to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for a conditional FIRM revision, FEMA approval is received and the applicant provides all necessary data, analyses and mapping and reimburses the Town of Plattsburgh for all fees and other costs in relation to the application. The applicant must also provide all data, analyses and mapping and reimburse the Town of Plattsburgh for all costs related to the final map revision.
- (2) On streams with a regulatory floodway, as shown on the Flood Boundary and Floodway Map or the Flood Insurance Rate Map adopted in Section 3.2, no new construction, substantial improvements or other development in the floodway (including fill) shall be permitted unless:
 - (i) a technical evaluation by a licensed professional engineer demonstrates through hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in accordance with

standard engineering practice that such an encroachment shall not result in <u>any</u> increase in flood levels during occurrence of the base flood, or,

- (ii) the Town of Plattsburgh agrees to apply to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for a conditional FIRM and floodway revision, FEMA approval is received and the applicant provides all necessary data, analyses and mapping and reimburses the Town of Plattsburgh for all fees and other costs in relation to the application. The applicant must also provide all data, analyses and mapping and reimburse the Town of Plattsburgh for all costs related to the final map revisions.
- (3) In Zones A1-A30, AE and AH, and also Zone A if base flood elevation data are available, if any development is found to increase or decrease base flood elevations, the Town of Plattsburghall as soon as practicable, but not later than six months after the date such information becomes available, notify FEMA and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation of the changes by submitting technical or scientific data in accordance with standard engineering practice.

5.2 STANDARDS FOR ALL STRUCTURES

The following standards apply to new development, including new and substantially improved structures, in the areas of special flood hazard shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map designated in Section 3.2.

5.2-1 ANCHORING

New structures and substantial improvement to structures in areas of special flood hazard shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse, or lateral movement during the base flood. This requirement is in addition to applicable State and local anchoring requirements for resisting wind forces.

5.2-2 CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS AND METHODS

- (l) New construction and substantial improvements to structures shall be constructed with materials and utility equipment resistant to flood damage.
- (2) New construction and substantial improvements to structures shall be constructed using methods and practices that minimize flood damage.
- (3) For enclosed areas below the lowest floor of a structure within Zones A1-A30, AE, AO or A, new and substantially improved structures shall have fully enclosed areas below the lowest floor that are useable solely for parking of vehicles, building access or storage in an area other than a basement and which are subject to flooding, designed to automatically equalize hydrostatic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of flood waters. Designs for meeting this requirement must either be certified by a licensed professional engineer or architect or meet or exceed the following minimum criteria:

- (i) a minimum of two openings of each enclosed area having a total net area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding;
- (ii) the bottom of all such openings no higher than one foot above the lowest adjacent finished grade and;
- (iii) openings not less than three inches in any direction.

Openings may be equipped with louvers, valves, screens or other coverings or devices provided they permit the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters. Enclosed areas subgrade on all sides are considered basements and are not permitted.

5.2-3 UTILITIES

- (1) New and replacement electrical equipment, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing connections, and other service equipment shall be located at least two feet above the base flood elevation, at least three feet above the highest adjacent grade in a Zone A without an available base flood elevation where permitted, or be designed to prevent water from entering and accumulating within the components during a flood and to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and stresses. Electrical wiring and outlets, switches, junction boxes and panels shall be elevated or designed to prevent water from entering and accumulating within the components unless they conform to the appropriate provisions of the electrical part of the Building Code of New York State or the Residential Code of New York State for location of such items in wet locations;
- (2) New and replacement water supply systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters into the system;
- (3) New and replacement sanitary sewage systems shall be designed to minimize or eliminate infiltration of flood waters. Sanitary sewer and storm drainage systems for buildings that have openings below the base flood elevation shall be provided with automatic backflow valves or other automatic backflow devices that are installed in each discharge line passing through a building's exterior wall; and,
- (4) On-site waste disposal systems shall be located to avoid impairment to them or contamination from them during flooding.

5.2-4 STORAGE TANKS

- (1) Underground tanks shall be anchored to prevent flotation, collapse and lateral movement during conditions of the base flood.
- (2) Above-ground tanks shall be:
 - a. anchored to prevent floatation, collapse or lateral movement during conditions of the base flood or;

b. installed at or above the base flood elevation as shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map enumerated in Section 3.2 plus two feet.

5.3 RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES

5.3-1 ELEVATION

The following standards apply to new and substantially improved residential structures located in areas of special flood hazard, in addition to the requirements in sub-sections 5.1-1, SUBDIVISION PROPOSALS, and 5.1-2, ENCROACHMENTS, and Section 5.2, STANDARDS FOR ALL STRUCTURES.

- (1) Within Special Flood Hazard Areas, new construction and substantial improvements shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated to or above two feet above the base flood elevation.
- (3) Within Zone A, if the Base flood elevation is not specified, a base flood elevation shall be determined by either of the following:
 - a. Obtain and reasonably use data available from a federal, state or other source plus 2 feet of freeboard or:
 - b. Determine the base flood elevation in accordance with accepted hydrologic and hydraulic engineering practices, plus freeboard. Determinations shall be undertaken by a registered design professional who shall be documented that the technical methods used reflect currently accepted engineering practice. Studies, analyses, and computations shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow thorough review and approval.
- (3) Within Zone AO, new construction and substantial improvements shall have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated above the highest adjacent grade at least as high as the depth number specified in feet on the community's Flood Insurance Rate Map enumerated in Section 3.2 plus two feet of freeboard, or not less than 3 feet if a depth number is not specified.
- (4) Within Zones AH and AO, adequate drainage paths are required to guide flood waters around and away from proposed structures on slopes.

5.4 NON-RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURES

The following standards apply to new and substantially improved commercial, industrial and other non-residential structures located in areas of special flood hazard, in addition to the requirements in sub-sections 5.1-1, SUBDIVISION PROPOSALS, and 5.1-2, ENCROACHMENTS, and Section 5.2, STANDARDS FOR ALL STRUCTURES.

(1) Within Zones A1-A30, AE and AH, and also Zone A if base flood elevation data are available, new construction and substantial improvements of any non-residential structure shall either:

- (i) have the lowest floor, including basement or cellar, elevated to or above two feet above the base flood elevation; or
- (ii) be floodproofed so that the structure is watertight below two feet above the base flood elevation, including attendant utility and sanitary facilities, with walls substantially impermeable to the passage of water. All structural components located below the base flood level must be capable of resisting hydrostatic and hydrodynamic loads and the effects of buoyancy.
- (2) Within Zone AO, new construction and substantial improvements of non-residential structures shall:
 - (i) have the lowest floor (including basement) elevated above the highest adjacent grade at least as high as the depth number specified in feet on the community's FIRM plus two feet (at least three feet if no depth number is specified), or
 - (ii) together with attendant utility and sanitary facilities, be completely floodproofed to that level to meet the floodproofing standard specified in sub-section 5.4(1)(ii)
- (3) If the structure is to be floodproofed, a licensed professional engineer or architect shall develop and/or review structural design, specifications, and plans for construction. A Floodproofing Certificate or other certification shall be provided to the Local Administrator that certifies the design and methods of construction are in accordance with accepted standards of practice for meeting the provisions of Section 5.4(1)(ii), including the specific elevation (in relation to mean sea level) to which the structure is to be floodproofed.
- (4) Within Zones AH and AO, adequate drainage paths are required to guide flood waters around and away from proposed structures on slopes.
- (5) Within Zone A, when no base flood elevation data are available, the lowest floor (including basement) shall be elevated at least three feet above the highest adjacent grade.

5.5 MANUFACTURED HOMES AND RECREATIONAL VEHICLES

The following standards in addition to the standards in Section 5.1, GENERAL STANDARDS, and Section 5.2, STANDARDS FOR ALL STRUCTURES apply, as indicated, in areas of special flood hazard to manufactured homes and to recreational vehicles which are located in areas of special flood hazard.

- (1) Recreational vehicles placed on sites within Zones A1-A30, AE and AH shall either:
 - (i) be on site fewer than 180 consecutive days,
 - (ii) be fully licensed and ready for highway use, or
 - (iii) meet the requirements for manufactured homes in paragraphs 5.5(2), (3) and (4).

A recreational vehicle is ready for highway use if it is on its wheels or jacking system, is attached to the site only by quick disconnect type utilities and security devices and has no permanently attached additions.

- (2) A manufactured home that is placed or substantially improved in Zones A1-A30, AE, AH and Zone A shall be elevated on a permanent foundation such that the bottom of the frame of the manufactured home chassis is elevated to or above two feet above the base flood elevation and is securely anchored to an adequately anchored foundation system to resist flotation, collapse and lateral movement.
- (3) Within Zone AO, the bottom of the frame of the manufactured home chassis shall be elevated above the highest adjacent grade at least as high as the depth number specified on the Flood Insurance Rate Map enumerated in Section 3.2 plus two feet (at least three feet if no depth number is specified).
- (4) The foundation and anchorage of manufactured homes to be located in identified floodways shall be designed and constructed in accordance with Section 5.2-1, ANCHORING.

5.6 ACCESSORY STRUCTURES INCLUDING DETACHED GARAGES

The following standards apply to new and substantially improved accessory structures, including detached garages, in the areas of special flood hazard shown on the Flood Insurance Rate Map designated in Section 3.2.

- (1) The accessory structure must meet the definition of structure, for floodplain management purposes, provided in 44 CFR § 59.1, where walled and roofed shall be interpreted as having two outside rigid walls and a fully secured roof.
- (2) The accessory structure should be small, as defined by the community and approved by FEMA, and represent a minimal investment. Accessory structures of any size may be considered for a variance; however, FEMA considers accessory structures that meet the following criteria to be small and therefore not necessarily in need of a variance, if the community chooses to allow it:
 - a. Located in an A Zone (A, AE, A1-A30, AR, A99) and less than or equal to the size of a one-story, two-car garage.
- (3) Accessory structures must meet the standards of Section 5.2-1, ANCHORING,
- (4) The portions of the accessory structure located below BFE plus two feet of freeboard must be constructed with flood-resistant materials.
- (5) Mechanical and utility equipment for the accessory structure must be elevated or dry flood-proofed to or above BFE plus two feet of freeboard.
- (6) Within Zones AO and Zone A, if base flood elevation data are not available, areas below three feet above the highest adjacent grade shall be constructed using methods and practices that minimize flood damage.

- (7) The accessory structure must comply with the floodway encroachment provisions of the NFIP.
- (8) The accessory structure must be wet floodproofed to protect the structure from hydrostatic pressure. The design must meet the NFIP design and performance standards for openings per 44 CFR § 60.3(c)(5) and must allow for the automatic entry and exit of floodwaters without manual operation or the presence of a person (or persons).

SECTION 6.0 VARIANCE PROCEDURE

6.1 APPEALS BOARD

- (1) The Zoning Board of Appeals as established by the Town of Plattsburgh shall hear and decide appeals and requests for variances from the requirements of this local law.
- (2) The Zoning Board of Appeals shall hear and decide appeals when it is alleged there is an error in any requirement, decision, or determination made by the Local Administrator in the enforcement or administration of this local law.
- (3) Those aggrieved by the decision of the Zoning Board of Appeals may appeal such decision to the Supreme Court pursuant to Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules.
- (4) In passing upon such applications, the Zoning Board of Appeals, shall consider all technical evaluations, all relevant factors, standards specified in other sections of this local law and:
 - (i) the danger that materials may be swept onto other lands to the injury of others;
 - (ii) the danger to life and property due to flooding or erosion damage;
 - (iii) the susceptibility of the proposed facility and its contents to flood damage and the effect of such damage on the individual owner;
 - (iv) the importance of the services provided by the proposed facility to the community;
 - (v) the necessity to the facility of a waterfront location, where applicable;
 - (vi) the availability of alternative locations for the proposed use which are not subject to flooding or erosion damage;
 - (vii) the compatibility of the proposed use with existing and anticipated development;
 - (viii) the relationship of the proposed use to the comprehensive plan and floodplain management program of that area;
 - (ix) the safety of access to the property in times of flood for ordinary and emergency vehicles;
 - (x) the costs to local governments and the dangers associated with conducting search and rescue operations during periods of flooding;
 - (xi) the expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and sediment transport of the flood waters and the effects of wave action, if applicable, expected at the site; and

- (xii) the costs of providing governmental services during and after flood conditions, including search and rescue operations, maintenance and repair of public utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical, and water systems and streets and bridges.
- (5) Upon consideration of the factors of Section 6.1(4) and the purposes of this local law, the Zoning Board of Appeals may attach such conditions to the granting of variances as it deems necessary to further the purposes of this local law.
- (6) The Local Administrator shall maintain the records of all appeal actions including technical information and report any variances to the Federal Emergency Management Agency upon request.

6.2 CONDITIONS FOR VARIANCES

- (l) Generally, variances may be issued for new construction and substantial improvements to be erected on a lot of one-half acre or less in size contiguous to and surrounded by lots with existing structures constructed below the base flood level, providing items (i-xii) in Section 6.l(4) have been fully considered. As the lot size increases beyond the one-half acre, the technical justification required for issuing the variance increases.
- (2) Variances may be issued for the repair or rehabilitation of historic structures upon determination that:
 - (i) the proposed repair or rehabilitation will not preclude the structure's continued designation as a "Historic structure"; and
 - (ii) the variance is the minimum necessary to preserve the historic character and design of the structure.
- (3) Variances may be issued by a community for new construction and substantial improvements and for other development necessary for the conduct of a functionally dependent use provided that:
 - (i) the criteria of subparagraphs 1, 4, 5, and 6 of this Section are met; and
 - (ii) the structure or other development is protected by methods that minimize flood damages during the base flood and create no additional threat to public safety.
- (4) Variances shall not be issued within any designated floodway if any increase in flood levels during the base flood discharge would result.
- (5) Variances shall only be issued upon a determination that the variance is the minimum necessary, considering the flood hazard, to afford relief.
- (6) Variances shall only be issued upon receiving written justification of:
 - (i) a showing of good and sufficient cause;

- (ii) a determination that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant; and
- (iii) a determination that the granting of a variance will not result in increased flood heights, additional threats to public safety, extraordinary public expense, create nuisances, cause fraud on or victimization of the public or conflict with existing local laws or ordinances.
- (7) Any applicant to whom a variance is granted for a building with the lowest floor below the base flood elevation shall be given written notice over the signature of a community official that:
 - (i) the issuance of a variance to construct a structure below the base flood level will result in increased premium rates for flood insurance up to amounts as high as \$25 for \$100 of insurance coverage; and
 - (ii) such construction below the base flood level increases risks to life and property.

Such notification shall be maintained with the record of all variance actions as required in Section 4.4-8 of this Local Law.

Minutes Respectfully Submitted by:

Katie Kalluche, Town Clerk